

HOME NEWS.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

BRUNSWICK—Baron Hirsch, of Wiesbaden, arrived yesterday. He is accompanied by his wife and two children. He is a member of the Imperial German Parliament. He is a member of the Imperial German Parliament. He is a member of the Imperial German Parliament.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Beginning to-morrow, train No. 13 on the Erie Railway, leaving Chambers-st. station at 7:30 p. m., will have a special passenger coach attached for the accommodation of passengers to Turners, Middletown, Goshen and Port Jervis.

The body of Henry Bergh was transferred yesterday from the vault at St. Mark's Church to the tomb of his sister, Mrs. E. M. Brown, at Greenwood. Six officers of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals carried the body to the hearse.

The steamship Britannic, of the White Star Line, has been here for the first time. She crossed the bar at 8:30 p. m. on March 15 and arrived at Queenstown 10:30 a. m. Friday, making the passage in seven days, nine hours, thirty minutes.

The Rev. S. Wright Butler, the new pastor of St. Paul's Evangelical Church, will preach this evening on "One Flag for Our Public Buildings."

An exhibition of plants collected during 1887, which opened last Tuesday at the rooms of the Manhattan Chapter of the Agassiz Association, No. 103 Lexington-ave., will be continued and be open to day at 3 p. m. and to-morrow at 7:45 p. m. The herbarium and other collections will also be open for inspection.

There is in the possession of General Horatio C. King a sword which bears the following inscription: "Presented by the State of Virginia to Captain C. W. Morgan, United States Navy, for conspicuous gallantry at the engagements between the frigates Constitution and Guerriere on the Constitution and Java, 1812. Honor to the brave." The only surviving descendant of Captain Morgan is in precarious circumstances and the sword is to be disposed of for his benefit.

All produce is arriving in seasonable quantities again, and in some instances it will be as well to remind your butcher and green grocer of the fact.

Workmen are to begin at once the erection of a new house for the Sisters of the Sacred Heart, on the northeast corner of Lexington-ave. and Eighty-first-st. The building will be three stories, of brick and freestone, and will be ninety-four feet front and forty-eight feet deep.

A society to be called the League of the Cross for the promotion of the temperance cause, has been established in connection with the Church of St. Paul the Apostle, in Ninth-ave.

An all day local preachers' meeting will be held to-day in the Seventh Street Methodist Episcopal Church, of which the Rev. W. A. Layton is pastor.

The New-York Alumni of Cornell University will hold their annual dinner at Delmonico's on Thursday evening. All Cornell students and graduates are invited and the dinner promises to be the largest ever given by the Cornell Alumni Association. Major Schwartz will respond to a toast and other speakers at the dinner will be ex-Governor Cornell, General Stewart L. Woodford, President Adams and Postmaster Hendrix, of Brooklyn. Governor Foraker is also expected to attend.

Cottage life on the Atlantic coast has been much in favor of late years and is growing more popular each season. The cottages attached to the Long Beach and other hotels on the south shore of Long Island were in great demand last year. The inquiry for them was begun several weeks ago and it looks as if the supply would not be nearly equal to the demand.

The spring athletic entertainment of the 22d Regiment, will take place on Saturday evening, April 21, at the Armory. Companies A and B will manage the list, making the contest open to all amateurs. The games include handball, ring of fifty yards, four hundred and fifty yards, half-mile, one mile, and a hurdle race of six hundred yards, scratch obstacle races and a mile walk. The contests will end with a tug-of-war for six men, 900 pounds. A reception will follow.

James Whitcomb Riley, George W. Cable, Max O'Reilly and Bill Nye will make their last appearance in New-York this season, at Manor Pond's benefit, on Friday afternoon, April 6.

William Kissan, Vanderbilt is expected to arrive on his steam-yacht Alva, at Ferdinandia, on April 2. His private car will be sent on from New-York, and will bring him to the city.

"The City of Mexico" will be the subject of the next lecture before the American Geographical Society on Thursday evening at Cheltenham Hall.

The Eden Musee is a fairland in the great number of novelties and beauties of art scattered through its many departments. Now pictures brighten the art gallery, the Hungarian orchestra renders a different programme at every concert, the waxworks comprise hundreds of prominent figures, while the Chamber of Horrors affords interest to the less timid, and the chess automaton puzzles all. Special concerts will be given this afternoon and evening.

Major-General Sir John Jones, K. C. B., Colonel Baird Smith and Captain Herbert Jones, of the British Army, visited the cyclorama of the Battle of Gettysburg on Friday and expressed themselves in complimentary terms of the picture. They declared the monster canvas to be a faithful portrayal of war as it really is.

The Shakespearean class of Miss Mary E. Cherry, the professor of elocution of the Jackson Female Seminary at No. 2,025 Fifth-ave., will give an entertainment on the evening of April 23, Shakespeare's birthday. The entire proceeds will go to the Tribune Fresh Air Fund. The programme will include parts of "The Midsummer Night's Dream."

Tollie Captain Cornelius Wegman, of the Fifth Precinct, resigned yesterday. Captain Wegman is in his seventy-fourth year, and has been connected with the force for thirty years.

Police Commissioner Bell's last order to the Department instructs the police force that more than five policemen in uniform shall ride on a street car at one time.

The Health Department reports 757 cases of diphtheria from January 1 to March 23. Of this number 291 were along the lines of surface railways and 466 were within a short distance of these lines. An inquiry is being made by the Department to ascertain if there is any evidence that the disease may arise from the salt put on the tracks by the street-car companies.

Judge Cullen refused yesterday to grant a stay of proceedings in the case of Policeman Francis M. O'Dea, who was convicted of manslaughter in the second degree, for killing Edgar Smith. He was sentenced to two years in the House of Correction. The jury appended to its verdict a recommendation of mercy. Judge Cullen says that no evidence was presented by which he could determine the validity of the exceptions. The committee has decided to award the contract for building the \$100,000 Soldiers and Sailors' Monument. The committee has selected design No. 2 of Henry Barer, which was endorsed by J. Q. A. Ward, the sculptor. The award will be made public to-morrow.

NEWS FROM THE SUBURBS.

JERSEY CITY.

Henry Shroppe, a real estate agent, was arrested yesterday charged with embezzling \$100 from Mr. Cook. Shroppe was in business with his father until the latter died, and then he got into financial difficulty and disappeared for a time. The money alleged to have been embezzled was collected for rent. Shroppe gave bail.

Two hundred and seventy-five men employed in Theodore Smith & Bros.' iron works in Morris-st. are on strike because the firm refused to allow them to quit work at 4 p. m. Saturdays.

NEWARK.

Isaac W. Greaves, age forty, living at No. 20 Calumet-st., committed suicide yesterday morning by hanging himself to the bed-post in his room. He leaves a widow and seven small children in a destitute condition.

A dispatch from Newark was received in Newark yesterday, stating that David Bedford had died aboard a vessel which had just arrived from Nassau. Mr. Bedford left Newark a few weeks ago in the best of health to accompany his wife, who was ill, on a trip.

RAHWAY.

A fire broke out in the house of Henry Gabrielle, in Broad-st., Friday night, about considerable damage. The action of the seven Democratic Councilmen, in removing Street Commissioner Ritter, and electing Garret City Attorney for a four years' term, has aroused much indignation. Many Democrats openly announce their intention to vote the Republican ticket at the approaching charter election. There has been much feeling against Ritter in his party, and he was holding over when chosen.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

A pound party of the ladies of the First Presbyterian Church, of Mount Vernon, on Friday night, was

successful in adding a good amount of money to their fund and also afforded much amusement. Each purchaser opened his package in the church. One paid 50 cents for a neatly packed cabbage, another paid 75 cents for a pound of sugar and a pound of salt. Packages of rice, peas, beans and turnips brought higher prices than they would if controlled by a trust.

The Republicans of Ossining on Friday evening made the following nominations for town officers: Supervisor, Joshua G. Many; town clerk, Henry Austin; justice of the peace, Samuel Watson; assessor, Napoleon B. Sutton; highway commissioner, Oscar Adams; collector, Frank H. Fulton; overseers of the poor, Michael Smith and James Davis; excise commissioner, James S. Davis; game warden, William Reynolds; constables, Charles M. May, Ramsey Williams, Alonzo S. McNeal, Charles Cullen and Jeremiah McCue.

WASHINGTON INVADED BY THE SEX.

WOMEN FLOCKING THITHER FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Washington, March 24 (Sp. Cl.)—The National Capitol has been taken, not by the enemy but by the women. Temperance women moved on the city at the beginning of the week, took possession of churches and made the week one of convocation and prayer. And now, after this advance guard, come the women of the International Council. Women are here by the hundreds, and before the opening of the council on Monday the hundreds will be thousands. Washington is now indeed a city of women. They are here from all parts of the world. They are all types, ages, degrees of culture and degrees of intellect. The sun has never risen on such an assemblage of women as will gather in Albright's Opera House on Monday for next week's council.

The Riggs House is the headquarters for delegates. Here the great organizer, Miss Susan B. Anthony, and her secretary, Miss Rachel G. Foster, have spent the last four weeks as busy as two bees. Here committees have been organized, documents sent out, and all the necessary and proper wires pulled. No political headquarters ever presented more systems of bustling scenes than the council headquarters here this week. Miss Foster is a forceful, attractive and graceful, and more than all, she is a woman of fact. Miss Anthony is aware of her secretary's charms and does not keep her in the background. Miss Foster has been more or less in newspaper work and knows how to deal with newspapers. Her charming manner has made her a favorite with the local papers. She is full of the "dearest things" in preliminary praise of the council. So much may be said briefly of Miss Anthony. Nearly all of the delegates are here, and this evening a reception was given in their honor at the Riggs House. It was a most successful one. It was a crowd there would be a mild assertion. It was a crush, in the most comprehensive sense of the word. The largest room in the Riggs House is the dining room. This was cleared, decked with flags and graced with flowers. Here the reception committee expected to present the people to the delegates of this country and from many other lands. But there were few introductions. The crowd was too much of a crush.

Miss Anthony's wildest hopes had not pictured anything like it. Mrs. Stanton's white head was visible at rare intervals in the snowball, as the crowd struggled to move in line, now one way, now the other. After an hour of this, the two ladies got into the parlor to be confronted by a new and fresh crowd. But the air was better, and they renewed handshaking with smiling vigor.

In the meantime, the crowd in the dining-room under the "Stars and Stripes" continued its "crushing" welcome to the delegates. Naturally the foreign delegates were the great attraction. A dozen men stood in line, shaking hands when possible, and bowing when impossible to do more. Madame Bogrot, the French delegate, smiled, bowed, and made appeals in her own language for the word of French. But it was an American crowd. Mrs. Moore, the Irish delegate, a tall, well-dressed woman, with an expressive face, enjoyed the situation and did not appear to be at all out of place. She has just enough of the brogue on her tongue, and a sense of the ludicrous to make her very attractive. Mrs. Ashton, Dilke, and radiant smile captured the crowd. Perhaps the blue satin gown and the light about the throat had something to do with it. Clara Barton, Mrs. Cheney, Baroness Gripenberg, Professor Rosa Michaels, Mrs. Chant and dozens of other delegates came in for a full share of admiration and "crush."

CAUSTIC CRITICISM OF BLOOMINGDALE.

MR. CONKLING CHARGES THE MANAGEMENT WITH SECRECY, EXTRAVAGANCE AND PARTIALITY.

The State Senate Committee on Taxation held its third session yesterday at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, in the Equitable Building, to continue the inquiry into the management of the Asylum branch of the Society of the New-York Hospital. Chairman Velder and Senator Ratnes were absent, having been deputed to represent the Senate at the obsequies of the Venezuelan ex-President, General Paiz; therefore Senator Henry R. Low took the chair, and was assisted by Senators Langdon and Foley. Colonel John W. Conkling, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate, attended to preserve decorum. The usual array of governors of the asylum were present. Dwight H. Olmsted and ex-Senator Bixby continued in the role of "prosecutors" and John L. Caldwell defended the management with his usual tact and caustic wit.

After a desultory wrangle among the counsel as to what had or had not been proven, and might, would, could or ought to be offered in evidence, the first witness of the day, ex-Congressman Frederick A. Conkling was placed upon the stand and examined by Mr. Bixby. Colonel Conkling appeared in the peculiar position of an officer of the institution giving evidence, with more or less apparent reluctance, against the management. He said that he had been a governor for thirty years and described it as a place of confinement, which he thought was managed with entirely too great a degree of secrecy. The Board of Governors was an impregnable fortress. Many of Mr. Bixby's questions relating to the conduct of the hospital he could not answer, he said, because, although a governor, he was kept in the dark about the details. No publicans in the district, many of whom did not favor his nomination before, but he feels that he can better employ his time at his age out of Congress than in its employ. In conclusion he pledges himself to serve with alacrity the interests of the party, and to support the candidate who may be nominated to succeed him.

FURNAL OF GENERAL CASE.

The funeral of General George W. Cass, who died on Wednesday at his home, No. 52 West Fifty-seventh-st., took place yesterday afternoon at Christ Church, Fifth-ave. and Thirty-fifth-st. The Rev. Dr. J. S. Shipman officiated, assisted by Bishop Walker, of Dakota. The pall-bearers were William G. Davies, A. E. Colson, Thomas H. Hiltunen, Charles Lanier, Wheeler H. Peckham, Colonel George Gray, Samuel Wilkinson and Charles J. Canda. The body was taken to Pittsburg for burial.

General Cass was born in Ohio in 1810. He was graduated from West Point in 1832 and was appointed by President Jackson as civil engineer on the National Road. While in this service he erected the first cast-iron bridge ever built in this country, over Dulay's Creek, a tributary of the Monongahela River. He was a member of the company for navigating and improving the Monongahela. After that he organized a steamboat line on that river and a fast transportation line across the mountains. In 1849 he established the Adams Express across the mountains, between Boston and St. Louis and as far south as Richmond. He was elected president of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, then completed to St. Louis in 1850. General Cass made a good sylvan Central Company. General Cass made a good sylvan Central Company. General Cass made a good sylvan Central Company.

General Cass was a Democrat. He had been in failing health for a year.

John Brower, of One-hundred-and-eighty-st., and owner of the Brower House, at Broadway and Twenty-eighth-st. was examined by Mr. Olmsted. Mr. Brower said that he owned twenty-five lots near the asylum. He considered that they were depreciated in value by the presence of the asylum. People did not like to live in the neighborhood of lunatics. In cross-examination he said that property had fallen there since the boom of '72. Want of rapid transit had something to do with it, and the presence of the asylum had a great influence also.

The memorialists presented to the committee their prepared brief, which seeks to sustain the eight points attempted to be established by the inquiry. Comparison of numbers and expenses is made between the City Asylum for the Insane on Ward's Island and Bloomingdale, taken from the reports of the Commissioners of Charities and Correction and of the New-York Hospital for Insane.

Average No. of Patients. Expenses.

City Asylum . . . 1,893 \$45,991 \$23,362

Bloomingdale . . . 1,249 \$24,409 \$13,867

Verbal cost for each patient: Salaries. Expenses.

City Asylum . . . 31.00 \$129.00

Bloomingdale . . . 26.00 86.00

The committee is asked to report to the Senate that a law be passed (1) subjecting the Bloomingdale real estate outside of one-hundred-and-sixty-sixth-st. to one-hundred-and-twentieth-st. and the Broadway Boulevard be subject to taxation (2) that one-hundred-and-sixty-sixth-st. and one-hundred-and-seventeenth-st. be opened through the asylum grounds; (3) that the lunatics of Bloomingdale be removed outside the city limits within two years; (4) that after such removal one-hundred-and-seventeenth-st. one-hundred-and-eighteenth-st. and one-hundred-and-nineteenth-st. be opened through the asylum grounds.

Kilian Van Rensselaer, of No. 56 Wall-st., testified that he owned one-hundred-and-one-hundred-and-fourth-st. on the west side, the assessed valuation of property had increased \$60,000,000 in the past five or six years, but there was no growth above one-hundred-and-tenth-st., owing to the asylum being there. It was an "apparition," he said, "damned the whole way."

Alfred H. Conkling, of No. 100 Broadway, testified that he was a member of the ex-Senator, testified practically to the same effect as the preceding witnesses regarding the effect on real estate. He said that the Common Council had taken no action regarding the asylum since he became a member of the Board. At the conclusion of Mr. Conkling's testimony the memorialists rested and Mr. Caldwell began his opening for the respondents, but the committee decided to close the session for the day, and without proceeding further adjourned to next Saturday.

CONGRESSMAN WHITE WILL NOT RUN AGAIN.

Congressman B. V. White, in a letter to Andrew D. Baird announced that he is not a candidate for renomina-



BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

NATURE'S GREAT SPECIFIC

In Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Rheumatism, &c.

A Powerful and the Only Known Solvent of Stone in the Bladder.

It Dissolves both the Uric Acid and Phosphatic Sediment.

Dr. W. M. A. HAMMOND, of New-York, Surgeon-General of U. S. Army (Retired), Professor of Diseases of the Mind and Nervous System in the University of New-York, &c.

"I have for some time made use of the BUFFALO LITHIA WATER in cases of affections of the Nervous System complicated with Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, or with Gouty Diathesis. The results have been eminently satisfactory. Lithia has for many years been a favorite remedy with me in like cases, but the Buffalo Water certainly acts better than any other preparation of Lithia salts, and is moreover, better borne by the stomach. I also often prescribe it in cases of Gouty Diathesis, resulting from over-mental work, in which the condition called Nervous Dyspepsia exists—and generally with marked benefit."

Dr. G. HALSTEAD BOYLAND, late Professor of Surgery, Baltimore Medical College, late Surgeon French Army (Decorated), Member Baltimore Academy of Medicine, Member American Medical Association.

"In Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, acute or chronic, BUFFALO LITHIA WATER, SPRING NO. 2, is without a rival whether in the Paracymbrotic form or Interstitial Nephritis. In cases in which the Albumen in the Urine reached as high as 50 per cent. I have known it to disappear in a few days, and finally disappear, at the same time other alarming symptoms were relieved and the sufferers restored to health. The best results which I have witnessed from any remedy is suppressed Gout, Rheumatic Gout and all Gouty and Rheumatic Affections have been from this Water, and in every class of disease having its origin in a Uric Acid Diathesis it is a remedy of unsurpassed excellence."

Dr. W. M. A. TOWLES, Professor of Anatomy and Materia Medica in the Medical Department of the University of Virginia.

"I feel no hesitancy whatever in saying that in Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Rheumatism, Stone in the Bladder, and in all diseases of Uric Acid Diathesis, I know of no remedy so reliable as BUFFALO LITHIA WATER, SPRING NO. 2. Its effects are marked in causing a disappearance of Albumen from the urine. In a single case of Bright's Disease of the Kidneys I witnessed decided beneficial results from its use, and from its action in this case I should have great confidence in it as a remedy in all cases of this disease."

Dr. HARVEY L. BYRD, of Baltimore, President and Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children in the Baltimore Medical College, formerly Professor of Obstetrics, do.

"BUFFALO LITHIA WATER has an established value in Bright's Disease. A knowledge of its action in that disease—that it would seem to warrant the belief that it would, in many instances, at least in its early stages, arrest it entirely; and in its more advanced stages prove a decided comfort and palliative. I have obtained the best results from the action of this water in Chronic Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Rheumatism, Gouty Diathesis, and in all cases of Bright's Disease of the Kidneys I witnessed decided beneficial results from its use, and from its action in this case I should have great confidence in it as a remedy in all cases of this disease."

Stone in the Bladder, Uric Acid.

Dr. B. J. WEISTLING, Middletown, Pa.

"Experience in its use in Stone of the Bladder in my own person enables me to attest the efficacy of the BUFFALO LITHIA WATER in this painful disease. After having been long subjected to sufferings the intensity of which cannot be described, I have, under the influence of this Water, passed an ounce of Calculi (Uric Acid), a mass of which weighed as much as four grains, affording inexpressible relief and leaving me in a condition of comparative ease and comfort. On one occasion I passed three-fourths of an ounce of Calculi in forty-eight hours. The appearance of this Calculus Nephel indicates the presence of a Uric Acid Diathesis. In my case the Calculus was composed of Uric Acid. The action of the Water, unmistakably, I think, that they were all composed of particles of one large Calculus, destroyed by the action of the Water, by means of solution and disintegration. At my advanced period of life (I am seventy-seven years and six months of age) I am enabled to say that I am now in the best of health."

Water in Cases of One Dozen Half-Gallon Bottles, \$5 PER CASE AT THE SPRINGS.

THOMAS F. COODE, Proprietor, Buffalo Lithia Springs, Virginia.

Stone in the Bladder of the White Phosphatic Deposit. Four Ounces Discharged under the Action of this Water.

A case stated by Dr. G. HALSTEAD BOYLAND, late Professor of Surgery, Baltimore Medical College, Member American Medical Association.

"The case of Mr. C., which came under my observation at the Springs during the season of 1884, affords undoubted evidence that BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is a Solvent for Urinary Deposits, commonly known as Stone in the Bladder. He was operated upon for Stone, the operation being performed by Mr. C. A year after, he was visited by the Buffalo Lithia Springs, at the time passing small quantities of a Urinary Deposit, of the Triple Phosphate of Ammonia and Magnesia Variety, and his sufferings such as required that he should be kept constantly on the water. In some eight weeks the solvent properties of the Water were evident in the diminished constancy of the deposit, the increased quantity discharged and by its change from a coarse Limp to a fine sand, which he discharged to the amount of Four ounces. After a time, however, the quantity gradually diminished, and finally ceased, and he left the Springs with the deposit dissolved and washed out of the system, and the Diathesis free of all organic matter altered. There had been a disappearance of the attending distressing symptoms, and great improvement in his general condition."

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"The case of Mr. C., which came under my observation at the Springs during the season of 1884, affords undoubted evidence that BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is a Solvent for Urinary Deposits, commonly known as Stone in the Bladder. He was operated upon for Stone, the operation being performed by Mr. C. A year after, he was visited by the Buffalo Lithia Springs, at the time passing small quantities of a Urinary Deposit, of the Triple Phosphate of Ammonia and Magnesia Variety, and his sufferings such as required that he should be kept constantly on the water. In some eight weeks the solvent properties of the Water were evident in the diminished constancy of the deposit, the increased quantity discharged and by its change from a coarse Limp to a fine sand, which he discharged to the amount of Four ounces. After a time, however, the quantity gradually diminished, and finally ceased, and he left the Springs with the deposit dissolved and washed out of the system, and the Diathesis free of all organic matter altered. There had been a disappearance of the attending distressing symptoms, and great improvement in his general condition."

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